

Constraints on Proton Driver from Downstream Systems in a Neutrino Factory

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Bunch Structure (in acceleration)



- Overall rep rate, period T
- Multiple pulses within period T , generally closely spaced
- Bunches within these pulses, at RF frequency

Phase Rotation

- Two types of systems proposed
 - ◆ Induction linac (**EXPENSIVE**)
 - ◆ Neuffer RF phase rotation
- System must reset itself between pulses
 - ◆ Neuffer RF scheme needs fill time: $200 \mu\text{s}$
 - ◆ Induction linac scheme: rate of voltage change limited (probably 100s of ns to reset)
- Operating cost proportional to rep rate times number of pulses
 - ◆ Stored energy lost
 - ◆ Can keep stored energy somehow?
- Longitudinal phase space area
 - ◆ Shorter proton bunch, smaller longitudinal phase space
 - ◆ Finite time spread from decays: about 1 ns; no point in doing better

Acceleration



- Some circumferences small: 300 m
 - ♦ If both signs: essentially only one pulse
- Portion of operating cost proportional to rep rate
 - ♦ Stored energy in cavities lost
 - ♦ Cryo load; increases with more pulses also
- Higher rep rate, decrease beam loading (energy spread in train)

Storage Ring Assumptions



- Injection and extraction are done actively
- Stacking is not possible
 - ◆ Transverse stacking
 - ★ Larger transverse size requires larger beta function in straight (divergence)
 - ★ Larger aperture required both from larger phase space size and larger beta
 - ★ How to do it...
 - ◆ Bucket too full for longitudinal stacking
- Must keep beam in for a few decay lifetimes
 - ◆ 3 lifetimes is 5% loss, 1% loss requires 4.6 lifetimes

Storage Ring

Resulting Constraints



- Rep rate

- ◆ For 50 GeV, 200 Hz starts eating into muons (1%); 300 Hz becomes a problem (5%)
- ◆ At 20 GeV, the numbers are 500 Hz and 800 Hz

- Bunch trains

- ◆ With 100 m bunch trains, you may be able to squeeze a second or third bunch train in (kicker rise/fall times)
 - ★ More difficult with both charges in same ring
 - ★ Could increase effective rep rate as well by doing this
- ◆ Don't stack

Detector



- Well below surface: agnostic
- Near surface: use gating to reduce backgrounds
 - ◆ Pulse structure (inversely proportional to rep rate; biggest effect)
 - ◆ Gap in storage ring (reduced with more pulses in ring)
 - ◆ Fine structure at RF frequency
- Prefer lower rep rate, single pulse in ring